

## Y1 Hero Hunters Learning Sequence

**Synopsis:** Children have to track down their favourite superheroes who are hiding all around school in different locations. They learn to read and follow written instructions and then write a set of instructions to find the heroes using locational language.

In **Science**, children name the parts of the body and understand the five senses.

In **Geography**, children use directional language, aerial photos and plans and maps of the school.

In **Art**, children create a superhero sculpture.

In **D&T**, children create a 3D map of the school using a range of tools and materials.

In **Computing**, children create simple programmes eg Roamer which follow a map/plan of the school.

**Curriculum areas:** English, Science, Geography, Art, D&T and Computing

**Length of theme:** 6 weeks

### English

*Write a set of instructions to find the superheroes hidden around school.*

#### English Objectives

##### Comprehension

- Self-check to make sure text makes sense

##### Word Reading

- Blend sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs already taught
- 

##### Grammar & Punctuation

- Use 'and' to join words and clauses
- Leave spaces between words
- Use capital letter for proper nouns such as names of people, places, days of week and pronoun I

##### Text Structure & Features

- Write for different purposes (instructions)

##### Plan, Draft, Edit & Evaluate

#### English Learning Sequence

- Oral games with children to practise instructions eg Simon Says
- What do children notice? Tell you what to do. We call them instructions. Gather ideas for where we see instructions.
- In pairs, children practise giving their partner instructions orally
- Imperative verbs: put cards with verbs on in a bag, pull one out, read it to children and they do it eg jump, wave, hop
- Share and read examples of instructions such as how to play a game or make a cup of tea – note features of the instruction such as imperative verb, a new line for each step
- Give children simple instructions chopped up and they have to reorder eg How to brush teeth
- Share simple examples of instructions without titles – can they add title?
- Go on superhero hunt around school and on the way, orally practise giving instructions eg Open the door. Turn left

- Say aloud what they are going to write
- Compose sentences orally before writing
- Re-read what they have written to check it makes sense
- Discuss what they have written with teacher/pupils

In addition to the above, teachers should apply general spelling rules and guidance, as listed in [English Appendix 1](#) and ensure concepts and skills outlined in [English Appendix 2](#) are also addressed.

- Repeat the activity but this time children have a set of simple, written instructions to read and follow always checking that what they have read makes sense and self correcting when it doesn't
- Give children a simple plan or school and a small picture of a superhero to put on it. Write simple instructions to find superhero using features: new line per instruction, imperative verb at start with capital letter

## English

*Write a simple character description for a missing poster.*

### English Objectives

#### Grammar & Punctuation

- Use 'and' to join words and clauses
- Leave spaces between words
- Use capital letter for proper nouns such as names of people, places, days of week and pronoun I

#### Text Structure & Features

- Write for different purposes (missing poster)

#### Plan, Draft, Edit & Evaluate

- Say aloud what they are going to write
- Compose sentences orally before writing
- Re-read what they have written to check it makes sense
- Discuss what they have written with teacher/pupils

In addition to the above, teachers should apply general spelling rules and guidance, as listed in [English Appendix 1](#) and ensure concepts and skills outlined in [English Appendix 2](#) are also addressed.

### English Learning Sequence

- Recap what is meant by a missing poster and what the features are
- Children choose a superhero character to describe and play Guess Who by describing it to a partner using appropriate adjectives
- Write noun phrases to describe their character's appearance eg large, black eyes; big, bulging muscles
- Generate verbs for how their hero might move eg swing, fly
- Use the noun phrases and verbs to create a missing poster for their chosen superhero
- Use simple sentences that are correctly punctuated
- Add the conjunctions 'and' and 'so' to extend their ideas eg He has sticky feet so he can climb up tall buildings

## Science

*Name the parts of the body and understand the five senses.*

### Science Objectives

### Science Learning Sequence

**Scientific Knowledge**

- Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body

- Sing simple songs about the human body (eg *Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes*)
- Draw around a child to create giant human body
- Label human parts using pictures/words
- Make associations from human body parts to senses
- Eyes are for seeing (eg play I Spy)
- Hands are for touching (eg use a 'feely' bag to guess what is inside)
- Nose is for smelling (eg provide number of different scents to guess)
- Ears are for hearing (eg Sound Bingo activity)
- Mouth/tongue are for tasting (taste variety of sweet, sour etc. food items)

## Geography

*Use directional language, aerial photos and plans and maps of the school.*

**Geography Objectives**

- Know names of world's 7 continents and 5 oceans
- Name the four countries of the UK and their capital cities
- Start to use world maps, atlases and globes
- Begin to use simple compass directions and locational language
- Use aerial photos and plans to recognise landmarks
- Draw simple maps eg of the school grounds
- Begin to use basic geographical vocabulary

**Geography Learning Sequence**

- All Jumbled Up – Teacher to label world map and oceans incorrectly. Assess what is remembered & address accordingly
- Share that superheroes are hidden around school and they have to find them
- In two groups, using geographical language, hunt school for images of superheroes (eg Turn right ...i t is opposite ... quarter turn)
- Provide aerial map of school and discuss what can be seen as a class
- Using aerial map, provide clues as to what each superhero can see from where they are hiding in order for child to locate where superhero is
- Provide a simple plan of a building with superheroes located in different places. In pairs, use geographical language to direct partner to location (x2 maps needed)
- Reinforce directional language with basic 4-point compass using

superheroes (eg Batman is east of the classroom). Revisit this daily with different superheroes to reinforce understanding of vocabulary

## Art

*Create a superhero sculpture.*

### Art Objectives

- **Begin to develop artistic vocabulary**
- **Discuss their own and others' work**
- **In pencil, draw lines of different lengths and thickness**
- **In sculpture, use technique such as rolling, moulding, cutting and carving**
- **Begin to use art and design techniques in using colour, patterns, texture, line, shape, form and space with a range of materials**

### Art Learning Sequence

- Provide pictures of superheroes to imitate – focusing on use of pencils
- Draw and design own superhero
- Model cutting, carving and rolling of plasticine, playdough and clay
- Experiment with different materials (eg playdough, clay, plasticine or junk) to determine which is best material for the superhero
- Use material of choice and create the hero
- Present final product and discuss with group

## D&T

*Create a 3D map of the school using a range of tools and materials.*

### D&T Objectives

- **Start to build structures, exploring ways to stiffen, stabilise and strengthen**
- **Use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks**
- **Use a range of materials and components**
- **Explore real and existing products**
- **Discuss own ideas and designs against design criteria**

### D&T Learning Sequence

- Provide aerial map of a city and discuss what this shows (eg Superman flying over New York)
- Discuss and label high rise, low rise, parkland and other key features
- Explain that they will be creating a replica of a tall building, discussing what is important when building something tall (it stays up, it is strong etc.)
- Explore range of materials (eg Lego, construction kits, boxes) to create this building – considering how to strengthen it
- Design the tall, strong building
- Build and test the strong building

## Computing

*Create simple programmes eg Roamer which follow a map/plan of the school.*

### Computing Objectives

- Begin to develop an understanding of algorithms
- Begin to understand that programs work by following instructions
- Create simple programs and begin to debug them
- Develop reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs

### Computing Learning Sequence

- Recap language of algorithm and program
- Solve simple problems by following instructions to move objects on screen or devices in the classroom
- Using coding software, create basic map of school,
- Create a series of instructions to move their peers/toys around a course using simple planning aids (eg a series of cards used to remember and recall the order of instructions - code)
- Talk about how devices need instructions to work and talk about common devices in school and in the home